

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT MIDDLE SECTION DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE



CIVILISING THE "NATIVE", EDUCATING THE NATION

AM	E:(;LASS/SEC: VIII	ROLL NO: DATE: <i>[</i> 1	
<u>FIL</u>	L IN THE BLANKS.			
1.	The British felt that they had	a	to civilize the native	
2.	In 1783	was appointed as judge at the Supreme		
	Court by the East India Comp	pany.		
3.	William Jones had learned di	ned different languages and was a		
4.	William Jones had set up Asi	n Jones had set up Asiatic Society of Bengal and started a journal called		
5.	The philosopher		the orientalist and declared th	
	the aim of education should be useful and practical.			
6.		saw India	as an uncivilized country tha	
	needed to be civilized.			
7.	Lorddeclared that "a single shelf of a good			
	European library was worth the whole native literature of India and Arabia'.			
8.	Macaulay believed that teach	ing of	is a way of	
	civilizing people changing their tastes values and culture.			
9.	In 1854, the court of directors of the East India Company in London sent an			
	educational despatch which came to be known as			
10.	.Wood's despatch argued that	t	learning would impr	
	the moral character of Indians	S .		
11.	(College was set up o	on the banks of river Hoogly n	
	Calcutta.			
12.	In 1830 William Adam was appointed to submit a report on the			
	educational system in India.			
13.	.Pathasalas had a	system of educ	ation.	
14.	•	argued that color	nial education created a sense	
	inferiority in the minds of India	ans.		
15	•	wrote: "by	education I mean all-around	

			
	AME THE FOLLOWING. Someone who knows and studies several languages	5	
	An Arabic word for a place of learning.		
3.	Those with a scholarly knowledge of the language and culture of Asia.		
4.	A person who can read write and teach Persian		
5.	A term generally used to refer to a local language or dialect		
<u>AN</u>	ISWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN 2 POINTS.	MARKS	
1.	Who were the Orientalists? Why did they need the support of Indian scholars?	2	
2.	What arguments were put forward by Wood's despatch regarding the introduction of European learning?	2	
3.	What were the consequences of the new rules introduced in the Pathshala system of education?	2	
4.	Mention the ideological difference between Gandhiji and Tagore.	2	
<u>AN</u>	ISWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN 3 POINTS.		
5.	State the recommendations of the Wood's despatch.	3	
6.	Why did Mahatma Gandhi think that English education has enslaved us?	3	
7.	Why did William Jones and Colebrook learn Indian language, translate ancient Indian texts and make their findings known to others?	3	
8.	Why did Macaulay emphasize the need of English language education in India?	3	
<u>AN</u>	ISWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN 4 POINTS.		
9.	What were Rabindranath Tagore's ideas on Education?	4	
10	.Why did Gandhiji encourage children to learn handicrafts?	4	

16. Tagore emphasized the need to teach science and technology at